

# Vertical Sound-Field Simulations

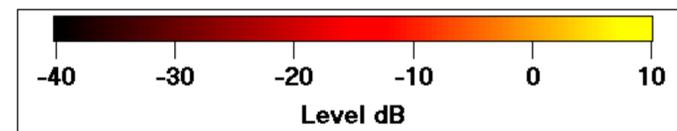
## Compare: Point Source vs. Two-Way System vs. Straight-Line Array vs. CBT Curved-Line Array In Free-Space and Over a Ground Plane

Notes (all speakers modeled as point sources):

1. **Point Source:** Located 1 m High.
2. **Two-Way System:** Tweeter located 1 m high, Woofer located 0.75 m high, 2<sup>nd</sup>-order Linkwitz-Riley crossover at 2 kHz.
3. **Straight-Line Array:** 5 ft tall, No shading (All speakers driven equally). Line array sitting on floor.
4. **CBT Curved-Line Array:** 5 ft tall, 36° Circular-arc ground-plane with full Legendre shading.

### Color Scale:

(Constant SPL contour lines every 3 dB)



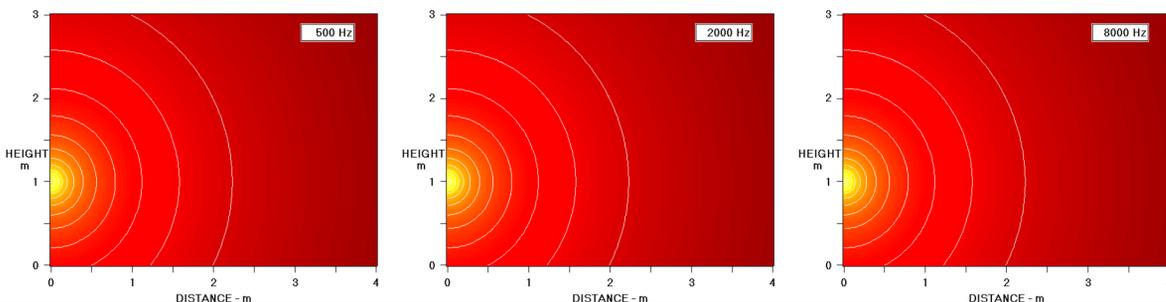
### Point Source in Free Space:

Note that the pattern is independent of frequency!

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz



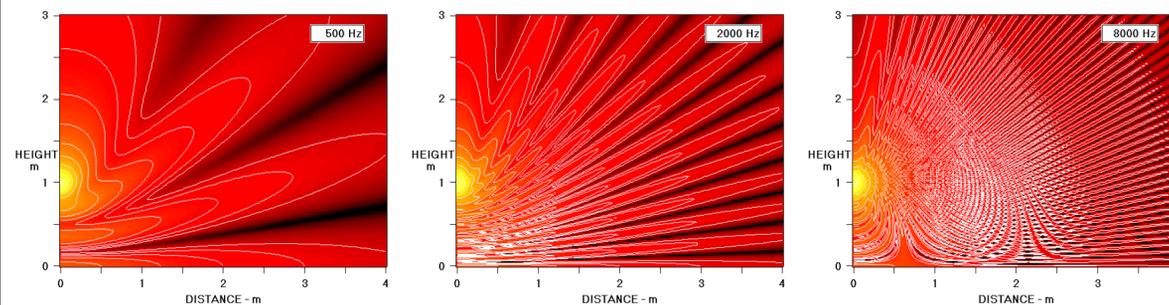
### Point Source over a Ground Plane:

Note strong interference from floor that makes pattern highly frequency dependent!

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz



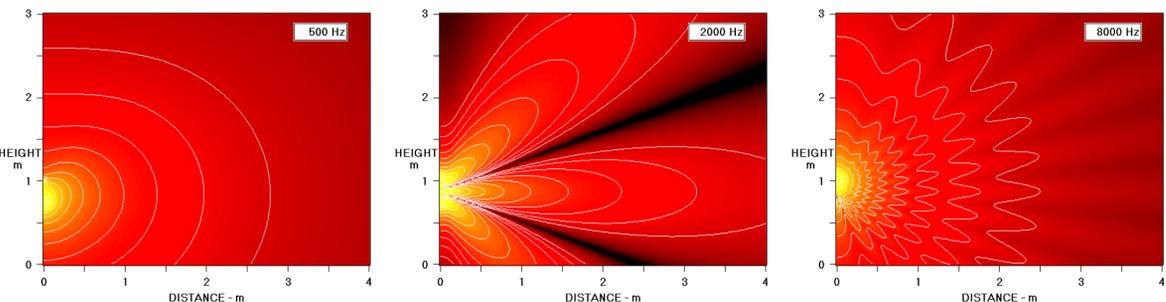
### Two-Way System in Free Space:

Note that pattern is frequency dependent but fairly-well behaved.  
 Beam at 2 kHz crossover faces straight ahead (as designed).  
 Also note symmetrical up and down nulls at  $\pm 15^\circ$  at 2 kHz.

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz



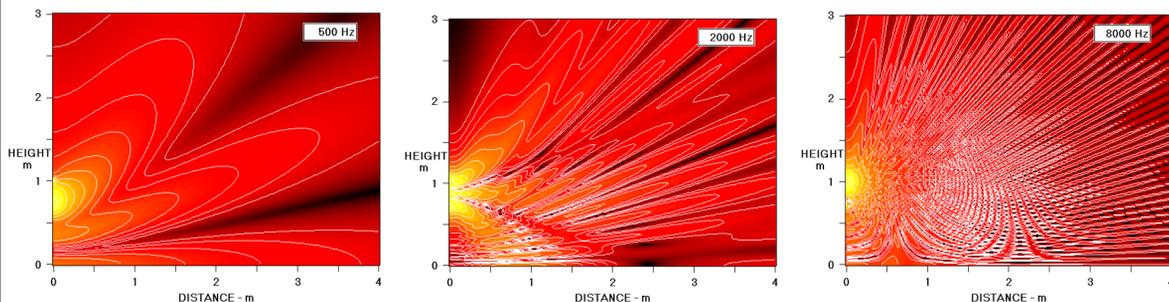
### Two-Way System on a Ground Plane:

Note massive ground-plane interference, lobing, and pattern changes with frequency!

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz



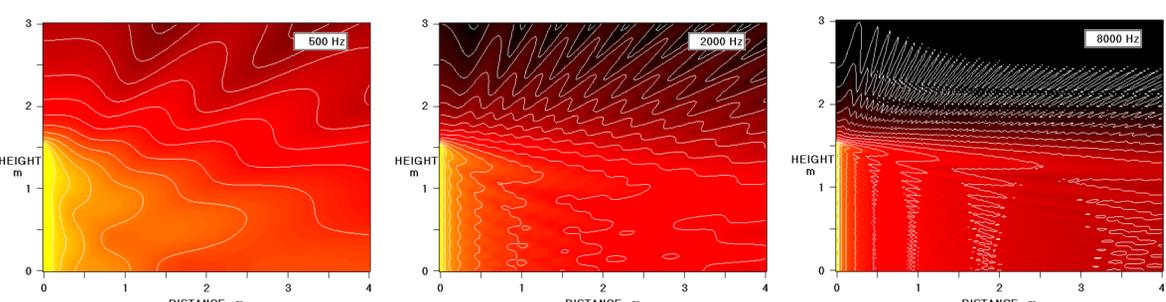
### Straight-Line Array on Ground Plane:

Note that pattern changes and narrows considerably with frequency and dramatic near-field interference at points close to the array!

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz



### CBT Curved Line-Array on Ground Plane:

Note that pattern is essentially independent of frequency! Also note the complete absence of near-field interference at points close to the array!

500 Hz

2 kHz

8 kHz

